## ELLINGTON RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE REIT

## Ellington Residential Mortgage REIT Reports Second Quarter 2017 Results

August 1, 2017
OLD GREENWICH, Conn.--(BUSINESS WIRE)--Aug. 1, 2017-- Ellington Residential Mortgage REIT (NYSE:EARN) today reported financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2017.

## Summary of Quarterly Financial Results

- Net income of $\$ 1.6$ million, or $\$ 0.15$ per share.
- Core Earnings ${ }^{1}$ of $\$ 4.8$ million, or $\$ 0.45$ per share and Adjusted Core Earnings ${ }^{1}$ of $\$ 5.1$ million, or $\$ 0.47$ per share.
- Book value of $\$ 14.71$ per share as of June 30, 2017, after giving effect to a second quarter dividend of $\$ 0.40$ per share and an equity capital raise completed during the quarter, as compared to $\$ 15.35$ per share as of March 31, 2017.
- Net interest margin of $1.56 \%$, and adjusted net interest margin ${ }^{2}$ of $1.63 \%$.
- Issued 3.23 million shares through a follow-on equity offering, increasing our total equity approximately $\$ 45$ million, or $32 \%$, and increasing our public float by approximately $52 \%$.
- Aggregate RMBS portfolio increased $34 \%$ to $\$ 1.653$ billion.
- Weighted average constant prepayment rate for the fixed-rate Agency specified pool portfolio of $8.25 \%$; aided in part by significant purchases of newly originated pools following our equity offering.
- Dividend yield of $10.8 \%$ based on July 31, 2017 closing stock price of $\$ 14.83$.
- Debt-to-equity ratio of $9.0: 1$ as of June 30,2017 ; adjusted for unsettled purchases and sales, the debt-to-equity ratio was 8.5:1.


## Second Quarter 2017 Results

"In the second quarter, Ellington Residential had net income of $\$ 0.15$ per share and Adjusted Core Earnings of $\$ 0.47$ per share," said Laurence Penn, Chief Executive Officer and President. "Similar to last quarter, market volatility was subdued. The low volatility was supportive of our adjusted net interest margin, which was $1.63 \%$ for the quarter, but it also created only limited opportunities for trading gains. Even with the ramp-up period to invest the proceeds of our equity offering, the portfolio performed well over the course of the quarter, with net income, excluding management fees and operating expenses, of $\$ 0.28$ per share, and strong Adjusted Core Earnings that more than covered our nearly $11 \%$ dividend yield. Pay-ups on specified pools edged higher over the quarter, but strong TBA dollar rolls and the relative outperformance of TBAs compared to specified pools dampened our net income, as net short positions in TBAs continued to represent a significant portion of our interest rate hedging portfolio. Our small portfolio of non-Agency RMBS performed very well this quarter, nicely augmenting our results.
"Our view remains favorable for specified pools despite their second quarter underperformance. While the Federal Reserve's Agency RMBS purchasing is now forecast to decline in the fourth quarter of this year, its purchases have always been in TBAs, not specified pools. The Agency pools that are delivered into TBA contracts are viewed as the most vulnerable to prepayments, but the Federal Reserve is relatively indifferent to these quality differences. As the Federal Reserve's buying subsides, we expect that the new marginal buyers of Agency RMBS will be more sensitive to these quality differences, which should be supportive of pay-ups and should therefore benefit our portfolio.
"Also during the second quarter, we successfully raised $\$ 45$ million in our first equity offering since our IPO four years ago. We accomplished three objectives with the capital raise: first, we grew our overall equity base by about one-third, which we project will lower our annualized expense ratio by approximately 40 basis points starting next quarter, and be accretive to earnings; second, we were able to increase our tradeable float by more than $50 \%$, which we believe has already boosted liquidity for all shareholders; and third, we obtained dry powder to take advantage of an attractive investment environment marked by relatively wide Agency RMBS yield spreads. We have exercised patience and discipline in waiting over four years after our IPO to launch our first follow-on offering. While the offering was dilutive to book value by approximately $\$ 0.37$ per share, we project that our new broader equity base will result in annual operating expense savings of about $\$ 0.07$ per share, so over the long term these savings will more than outweigh the dilution."

Core Earnings and Adjusted Core Earnings are non-GAAP financial measures. Adjusted Core Earnings represents Core Earnings excluding the
1 effect of the Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment on interest income. See "Reconciliation of Core Earnings to Net Income" below for an explanation regarding the calculation of Core Earnings, Adjusted Core Earnings, and the Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment.
2 Adjusted net interest margin represents net interest margin excluding the effect of the Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment on interest income.

## Market Overview

- For the third consecutive quarter, the Federal Reserve raised the target range for the federal funds rate by $0.25 \%$, to $1.00 \%-1.25 \%$. At the June FOMC meeting, the Federal Reserve outlined the mechanics of the eventual tapering of its asset purchases. While the Federal Reserve did not signal exact timing, the market's expectation for the initial taper is the fourth quarter of this year.
- For another quarter, yields on U.S. Treasury securities traded in a tight range while the yield curve continued to flatten. The 2-year U.S. Treasury yield rose 13 basis points to end the quarter at $1.38 \%$, whereas the 10 -year U.S. Treasury yield fell 9 basis points to $2.30 \%$ and traded in an extraordinarily tight 29 basis point range during the quarter.
- Mortgage rates continued to decline during the second quarter, with the Freddie Mac survey 30-year mortgage rate falling 26 basis points to end the quarter at $3.88 \%$. Mortgage rates remain at something of a "sweet spot" between prepayment risk and extension risk—namely, the market has low exposure to either risk unless rates move more than about 25 basis points in either direction.
- Quarter over quarter, overall Agency RMBS prepayment rates were slightly higher. The small increase reflects lower mortgage rates and the fact that the second quarter of each year typically includes a portion of the peak activity season, when home sales increase significantly.

Volatility continued to hit new lows in the second quarter. The Merrill Lynch Option Volatility Estimate Index, or MOVE Index, sunk to a four year low, and the Chicago Board Options Exchange Volatility Index, known as the VIX, dropped to its lowest level in 23 years, while longer-term interest rates and MBS price volatility also declined. The 29 basis point range for the 10 -year U.S. Treasury was one of the tightest ranges for a quarter in the past 40 years.

Non-Agency RMBS yield spreads continued to grind tighter, as did those for many other credit products such as CMBS, while demand remained strong for floating-rate debt instruments, including CLOs and leveraged loans. The energy-related sectors of the corporate bond market were notable exceptions to this trend, as yield spreads in these sectors widened in response to sharp declines in oil prices. Meanwhile, Agency RMBS remained one of the few fixed-income asset classes trading at the wider end of their trailing two-year range, with their option-adjusted spreads relatively unchanged quarter over quarter. We largely attribute the relative underperformance of Agency RMBS to concerns around the Federal Reserve's plan for tapering its asset purchases.

Financial Results

## Holdings

As of June 30, 2017, our mortgage-backed securities portfolio consisted of $\$ 1.535$ billion of fixed-rate Agency "specified pools," $\$ 28.6$ million of Agency RMBS backed by adjustable rate mortgages, or "Agency ARMs," $\$ 58.3$ million of Agency reverse mortgage pools, $\$ 10.9$ million of Agency interest only securities, or "Agency IOs," and $\$ 20.6$ million of non-Agency RMBS. Specified pools are fixed-rate Agency pools consisting of mortgages with special characteristics, such as mortgages with low loan balances, mortgages backed by investor properties, mortgages originated through the government-sponsored "Making Homes Affordable" refinancing programs, and mortgages with various other characteristics. Our RMBS portfolio increased to $\$ 1.653$ billion as of June 30, 2017, as compared to $\$ 1.230$ billion as of March 31, 2017. The increase in the size of our portfolio primarily reflects the impact of securities purchased with the proceeds from our second quarter follow-on equity offering and the commensurate increase in our repo borrowings. The large majority of proceeds were invested in fixed-rate specified pools. In addition, separate from the net short TBA portfolio that we hold for hedging purposes, we increased our long TBA positions that we hold for investment purposes to $\$ 121.3$ million in notional amount at June 30, 2017, as compared to $\$ 98.0$ million at March 31, 2017.

In addition to deploying the proceeds from our follow-on equity offering, we actively traded our Agency RMBS portfolio during the quarter in order to capitalize on sector rotation opportunities. Our portfolio turnover for the quarter was $50 \%$ (as measured by sales and excluding paydowns). Our portfolio selection continues to be informed by mortgage industry trends-including significant enhancements in technology that are helping streamline the origination process-and we note that refinancing capacity remains high, with employment in the mortgage industry near a post-financial crisis high.

While pay-ups on specified pools edged higher quarter over quarter, the increase was less than might have been expected given the drop in mortgage rates. Pay-ups are price premiums for specified pools relative to their TBA counterparts. Average pay-ups on our specified pools increased to 0.71\% as of June 30, 2017, from $0.68 \%$ as of March 31, 2017. The underperformance of specified pools relative to TBAs dampened our results for the second quarter, given that TBA short positions are a major component of our interest rate hedging portfolio. We believe that this underperformance of prepayment-protected specified pools can be attributed to the drop in volatility, which has made many investors complacent that mortgage rates are unlikely to move sufficiently downward to trigger a new prepayment wave. However, both the decline in long-term interest rates and the drop in implied volatility drove mortgage rates quite a bit lower during the second quarter, and the recent flattening of the yield curve signals a higher probability of further declines in mortgage rates, so we believe that the specified pool market may be underappreciating the risk of another prepayment wave.

Our non-Agency RMBS performed well in the second quarter, driven by net carry and unrealized gains. As the case has been for some time, the fundamentals underlying non-Agency RMBS, led by a stable housing market, continue to be strong. We added slightly to this portfolio over the course of the second quarter, and as a result our total investment in non-Agency RMBS was $\$ 20.6$ million as of June 30,2017 , as compared to $\$ 16.0$ million as of March 31, 2017. To the extent that more attractive entry points develop in non-Agency RMBS, we may further increase our capital allocation to this sector.

## Earnings and Net Interest Margin

We had net income of $\$ 1.6$ million, or $\$ 0.15$ per share, for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, as compared to $\$ 2.1$ million, or $\$ 0.22$ per share, for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. For the quarter ended June 30, 2017, Core Earnings was $\$ 4.8$ million, or $\$ 0.45$ per share, as compared to $\$ 7.4$ million, or $\$ 0.81$ per share, for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. Adjusted Core Earnings for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 was $\$ 5.1$ million, or $\$ 0.47$ per share, as compared to $\$ 4.8$ million, or $\$ 0.53$ per share, for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. The decline in Core Earnings was mainly due to the quarterly variability associated with the Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment, which slightly reduced net interest income in the second quarter of 2017 and significantly increased net interest income in the first quarter of 2017. For the second quarter we had a negative Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment of approximately $\$(0.3)$ million, or $\$(0.02)$ per share, and for the first quarter we had a positive Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment of approximately $\$ 2.6$ million, or $\$ 0.28$ per share. The decline in Adjusted Core Earnings was due to the decline in quarter-over-quarter net interest margin, largely based on higher repo borrowing rates in the second quarter. Core Earnings and Adjusted Core Earnings are non-GAAP financial measures. See "Reconciliation of Core Earnings to Net Income" below for an explanation regarding the calculation of Core Earnings, Adjusted Core Earnings, and the Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment.

For the quarter ended June 30, 2017, the weighted average yield of our portfolio of Agency and non-Agency RMBS was $2.94 \%$, while our average cost of funds including interest rate swaps and U.S. Treasury securities was $1.38 \%$, resulting in a net interest margin for the quarter of $1.56 \%$. In comparison, for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, the weighted average yield of our Agency and non-Agency RMBS was $3.79 \%$, while our average cost of funds including interest rate swaps and U.S. Treasury securities was $1.23 \%$, resulting in a net interest margin of $2.56 \%$. For the second and first quarters, excluding the impact of the Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment, the weighted average yield of our portfolio was $3.01 \%$ and $2.99 \%$ and our adjusted net interest margin was $1.63 \%$ and $1.76 \%$, respectively.

On a quarter-over-quarter basis our cost of funds, including the cost of repo, interest rate swaps, and short positions in U.S. Treasury securities, increased to $1.38 \%$ from $1.23 \%$. This quarter-over-quarter increase resulted primarily from an increase in our cost of repo, which increased as LIBOR rose, and to a lesser extent from an increase in the cost of our interest rate swaps. Our average cost of repo increased fifteen basis points quarter over quarter to $1.09 \%$, while the cost related to our interest rate swaps increased three basis points to $0.19 \%$. The contribution of our short positions in U.S. Treasury securities to our average cost of funds decreased quarter over quarter, to $0.11 \%$ in the second quarter, as compared to $0.13 \%$ in the first quarter of 2017. The relative make up of our interest rate hedging portfolio can change materially from quarter to quarter.

For the quarter ended June 30, 2017, we had total net realized and unrealized gains of $\$ 3.6$ million, or $\$ 0.33$ per share, on our aggregate Agency RMBS portfolio. Slightly higher asset valuations during the period led to the net gains. During the quarter we continued to hedge interest rate risk, primarily through the use of interest rate swaps and short positions in TBAs, and to a lesser extent, short positions in U.S. Treasury securities. For the quarter, we had total net realized and unrealized losses of $\$(8.1)$ million, or $\$(0.76)$ per share, on our interest rate hedging portfolio. In our hedging portfolio, the relative proportion (based on 10-year equivalents ${ }^{3}$ ) of TBA short positions decreased quarter over quarter relative to interest rate swaps.

After giving effect to a second quarter dividend of $\$ 0.40$ per share and our second quarter follow-on equity offering, our book value per share decreased to $\$ 14.71$ as of June 30, 2017, from $\$ 15.35$ as of March 31, 2017, and we had an economic return of (1.6)\% for the quarter. Economic return is computed by adding back dividends declared to ending book value per share, and comparing that amount to book value per share as of the beginning of the quarter. Our second quarter follow-on equity offering had a dilutive effect on our book value per share of approximately $2.4 \%$, or $\$ 0.37$ per share. Excluding this dilutive effect, our economic return for the quarter was $+0.8 \%$.

3 "10-year equivalents" for a group of positions represent the amount of 10-year U.S. Treasury securities that would experience a similar change in market value under a standard parallel move in interest rates.

## Securities Portfolio

The following table summarizes our portfolio of securities as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:

| (In thousands) | June 30, 2017 |  |  |  |  | March 31, 2017 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current <br> Principal | Fair Value | Average Price ${ }^{(1)}$ | Cost | Average Cost ${ }^{(1)}$ | Current <br> Principal | Fair Value | Average <br> Price ${ }^{(1)}$ | Cost | Average Cost ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| Agency RMBS ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-year fixed-rate mortgages | \$ 174,413 | \$ 181,932 | \$ 104.31 | \$ 182,470 | \$ 104.62 | \$ 129,244 | \$ 134,823 | \$ 104.32 | \$ 135,290 | \$ 104.6 |
| 20-year fixed-rate mortgages | 9,721 | 10,359 | 106.56 | 10,461 | 107.61 | 10,045 | 10,678 | 106.30 | 10,818 | 107.70 |
| 30 -year fixed-rate mortgages | 1,272,409 | 1,342,379 | 105.50 | 1,348,714 | 106.00 | 916,405 | 966,147 | 105.43 | 976,462 | 106.55 |
| ARMs | 27,375 | 28,591 | 104.44 | 29,031 | 106.05 | 28,521 | 29,760 | 104.34 | 30,293 | 106.21 |
| Reverse mortgages | 53,330 | 58,256 | 109.24 | 58,567 | 109.82 | 55,668 | 60,127 | 108.01 | 60,780 | 109.18 |
| Total Agency RMBS | 1,537,248 | 1,621,517 | 105.48 | 1,629,243 | 105.98 | 1,139,883 | 1,201,535 | 105.41 | 1,213,643 | 106.47 |
| Non-Agency RMBS | 24,977 | 20,630 | 82.60 | 18,122 | 72.55 | 20,486 | 15,999 | 78.10 | 14,176 | 69.20 |
| Total RMBS ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1,562,225 | 1,642,147 | 105.12 | 1,647,365 | 105.45 | 1,160,369 | 1,217,534 | 104.93 | 1,227,819 | 105.81 |
| Agency IOs | n/a | 10,882 | n/a | 11,395 | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 12,542 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 12,256 | n/a |
| Total mortgagebacked securities |  | 1,653,029 |  | 1,658,760 |  |  | 1,230,076 |  | 1,240,075 |  |
| U.S. Treasury securities sold short | (74,788 | (72,762 | 97.29 | (73,793 | 98.67 | (82,989 | (79,454 | 95.74 | (80,616 | 97.14 |
| Reverse repurchase agreements | 73,470 | 73,470 | 100.00 | 73,470 | 100.00 | 80,133 | 80,133 | 100.00 | 80,133 | 100.00 |
| Total |  | \$ 1,653,737 |  | \$ 1,658,437 |  |  | \$ 1,230,755 |  | \$ 1,239,592 |  |

(1) Represents the dollar amount (not shown in thousands) per $\$ 100$ of current principal of the price or cost for the security.
(2) Excludes Agency IOs.

Our weighted average holdings of RMBS based on amortized cost was $\$ 1.452$ billion and $\$ 1.284$ billion for the three month periods ended June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, respectively.

## Financial Derivatives Portfolio

The following table summarizes fair value of our financial derivatives as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:

June 30, 2017 March 31, 2017
Financial derivatives-assets, at fair value:
(In thousands)
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { TBA securities purchase contracts } & \$- & \$ 537 \\ \text { TBA securities sale contracts } & 1,936 & 45 \\ \text { Fixed payer interest rate swaps } & 3,294 & 4,318 \\ \text { Fixed receiver interest rate swaps } & 710 & 562 \\ \text { Futures } & 166 & 2 \\ \text { Total financial derivatives-assets, at fair value } & 6,106 & 5,464 \\ \text { Financial derivatives-liabilities, at fair value: } & & \\ \text { TBA securities purchase contracts } & (328 & ) \\ \text { TBA securities sale contracts } & (1 & ) \\ \text { Fixed payer interest rate swaps } & (2,357 & ) \\ \text { Futures } & - & (1,115\end{array}\right)$

## Interest Rate Swaps

The following tables provide details about our fixed payer interest rate swaps as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:
June 30, 2017


March 31, 2017

| Maturity |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Notional <br> Amount$\quad$ Fair Value | Weighted Weighted <br> Pay Rate | Weighted Average |
| Receive Rate to Maturity |  |  |


| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2017 | \$ 74,750 | \$ (87 | ) | 1.21 | \% | 1.06 | \% | 0.34 |
| 2018 | 65,990 | 368 |  | 0.97 |  | 1.05 |  | 1.18 |
| 2019 | 4,200 | 72 |  | 0.96 |  | 1.04 |  | 2.36 |
| 2020 | 79,500 | 439 |  | 1.48 |  | 1.00 |  | 3.07 |
| 2021 | 14,400 | 59 |  | 1.81 |  | 1.08 |  | 4.67 |
| 2022 | 13,044 | 173 |  | 1.75 |  | 1.04 |  | 5.44 |
| 2023 | 54,200 | 450 |  | 1.93 |  | 1.04 |  | 6.22 |
| 2024 | 8,900 | 73 |  | 1.99 |  | 1.00 |  | 7.01 |
| 2025 | 15,322 | 223 |  | 2.04 |  | 1.01 |  | 7.88 |
| 2026 | 40,885 | 2,460 |  | 1.63 |  | 1.05 |  | 9.46 |
| 2043 | 12,380 | (1,027 | ) | 2.99 |  | 1.04 |  | 26.13 |
| Total | \$ 383,571 | \$ 3,203 |  | 1.52 | \% | 1.04 | \% | 4.50 |

The following tables provide details about our fixed receiver interest rate swaps as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:

June 30, 2017

| Maturity | Notional Amount | Fair Value | Weighted Average Pay Rate | Weighted Average Receive Rate | Weighted Average Remaining Years to Maturity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |
| 2025 | \$ 9,700 | \$ 710 | 1.16 \% | 3.00 \% | 8.05 |
| Total | \$ 9,700 | \$ 710 | 1.16 \% | 3.00 \% | 8.05 |

March 31, 2017
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Maturity }\end{array} \begin{array}{l}\text { Notional } \\ \text { Amount }\end{array}$ Fair Value $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Weighted } \begin{array}{l}\text { Weighted } \\ \text { Average } \\ \text { Pay Rate }\end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\ \text { Average } \\ \text { Receive Rate }\end{array} \begin{array}{l}\text { (In thousands) }\end{array} \begin{array}{l}\text { Weighted Average } \\ \text { Remaining Years } \\ \text { to Maturity }\end{array}\right\}$

Futures
The following table provides information about our short positions in futures as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:
June 30, 2017

Description Notional Amount Fair Value | Remaining Months to |
| :--- |
| Expiration |

| (\$ in thousands) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U.S. Treasury Futures | $\$(25,800$ | $)$ | $\$ 165$ | 2.73 |
| Eurodollar Futures | $\$(3,000$ | $)$ | $\$ 1$ | 2.67 |

March 31, 2017

Description Notional Amount Fair Value | Remaining Months to |
| :--- |
| Expiration |

| (\$ in thousands) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U.S. Treasury Futures | $\$(25,800$ | $)$ | $\$(24$ | 2.73 |
| Eurodollar Futures | $\$(6,000$ | $)$ | $\$ 2$ | 4.18 |

TBAs
The following table provides information about our TBAs as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:
$\left.\begin{array}{lllllllllll} & \text { June 30, 2017 } & & & \text { March 31, 2017 }\end{array}\right]$
(1) Notional amount represents the principal balance of the underlying Agency RMBS.
(2) Cost basis represents the forward price to be paid for the underlying Agency RMBS.
(3) Market value represents the current market value of the underlying Agency RMBS (on a forward delivery basis) as of the respective period end.

Net carrying value represents the difference between the market value of the TBA contract as of the respective period end and the cost basis, and (4) is reported in Financial derivatives-assets, at fair value and Financial derivatives-liabilities, at fair value on the Consolidated Balance Sheet, for each respective period end.

We primarily use TBAs to hedge interest rate risk, typically in the form of short positions. However, from time to time we also invest in TBAs as a means of acquiring exposure to Agency RMBS, or for speculative purposes, including holding long positions. Overall, we typically hold a net short position.

The following tables detail gains and losses on our financial derivatives for the three month periods ended June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:
Three Month Period Ended June 30, 2017


## Three Month Period Ended March 31, 2017



## Interest Rate Sensitivity

The following table summarizes, as of June 30, 2017, the estimated effects on the value of our portfolio, both overall and by category, of immediate downward and upward parallel shifts of 50 basis points in interest rates.

| (In thousands) | Estimated Change in Fair Value ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 50 Basis Point Decline in Interest Rates |  | 50 Basis Point Increase in Interest Rates |  |
|  | Market Value | \% of Total Equity | Market Value | \% of Total Equity |
| Agency RMBS—ARM Pools | \$ 192 | 0.11 \% | \$ (247 | (0.13 )\% |
| Agency RMBS-Fixed Pools and IOs | 24,536 | 13.49 \% | (33,614 | (18.48)\% |
| TBAs | (9,348 | (5.14 )\% | 13,262 | 7.29 \% |
| Non-Agency RMBS | 240 | 0.13 \% | (238 | (0.13 )\% |
| Interest Rate Swaps | (13,696 | (7.53 )\% | 13,175 | 7.24 \% |
| U.S. Treasury Securities | (2,577 | (1.42 )\% | 2,472 | 1.36 \% |
| Eurodollar and U.S. Treasury Futures | (1,007 | (0.55 )\% | 973 | 0.53 \% |
| Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Agreements | (881 | (0.49 )\% | 881 | 0.49 \% |
| Total | \$ $(2,541$ | (1.40 )\% | \$ $(3,336$ | (1.83 )\% |

Based on the market environment as of June 30, 2017. Results are based on forward-looking models, which are inherently imperfect, and incorporate various simplifying assumptions. Therefore, the table above is for illustrative purposes only and actual changes in interest rates would (1) likely cause changes in the actual value of the overall portfolio that would differ from those presented above and such differences might be significant and adverse.

## Repo Borrowings

The following table details our outstanding borrowings under repo agreements as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:


As of June 30, 2017, we had no outstanding borrowings other than under repo agreements. Our repo borrowings were with thirteen counterparties as of June 30, 2017. The above figures are as of the respective quarter ends; over the course of the quarters ended June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017 our average cost of repo was $1.09 \%$ and $0.94 \%$, respectively.

## Other

We incur an annual base management fee, payable quarterly in arrears, in an amount equal to $1.50 \%$ of shareholders' equity (as defined in our management agreement). For the quarter ended June 30, 2017, our expense ratio, defined as management fees and operating expenses as a percentage of average shareholders' equity, was $3.6 \%$ on an annualized basis unchanged from the quarter ended March 31, 2017. In light of our second quarter follow-on equity offering, we expect that our annualized expense ratio will decline to approximately $3.2 \%$.

## Dividends

On June 13, 2017, our Board of Trustees declared a second quarter dividend of $\$ 0.40$ per share, or $\$ 4.9$ million, which was paid on July 25 , 2017 to shareholders of record on June 30, 2017.

## Follow-On Equity Offering

On May 15, 2017 we completed a follow-on equity offering of $3,000,000$ common shares. The offering generated net proceeds, after underwriters' discounts and offering costs, in the amount of $\$ 41.8$ million. On June 7,2017 we issued an additional 230,000 common shares in connection with the partial exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase up to $15 \%$ of the common shares that we issued in the initial offering. The exercise of the underwriters' option resulted in net proceeds to the Company of an additional $\$ 3.2$ million, after underwriters' discounts and offering costs. As a result of the total offering, we increased our equity base by approximately $32 \%$ and our tradeable float by approximately $52 \%$. While the offering was dilutive to our book value per share by $2.4 \%$, or $\$ 0.37$ per share, we project annual operating expense savings of approximately $\$ 0.07$ per share, given that our operating expenses will now be spread across a larger equity base.

## At-the-Market Program

In addition to completing an equity offering in the second quarter, we also entered into equity distribution agreements for an "at the market" offering program whereby we are able to sell shares from time to time in the open market or in negotiated transactions. Under the program, which is open-ended in duration, we can sell shares with a value of up to $\$ 100$ million. As of June 30, 2017, we had sold 6,738 shares under the offering program at an average price of $\$ 15.12$, for proceeds of $\$ 0.1$ million, net of commissions and fees.

## Reconciliation of Core Earnings to Net Income

Core Earnings consists of net income, excluding realized and change in net unrealized gains and (losses) on securities and financial derivatives, and, if applicable, items of income or loss that are of a non-recurring nature. Core Earnings includes net realized and change in net unrealized gains (losses) associated with payments and accruals of periodic payments on interest rate swaps. Adjusted Core Earnings represents Core Earnings excluding the effect of the Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment on interest income. The Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment is a quarterly adjustment to premium amortization triggered by changes in actual and projected prepayments on our Agency RMBS (accompanied by a corresponding offsetting adjustment to realized and unrealized gains and losses). The adjustment is calculated as of the beginning of each quarter based on our then assumptions about cashflows and prepayments, and can vary significantly from quarter to quarter.

Core Earnings and Adjusted Core Earnings are supplemental non-GAAP financial measures. We believe that Core Earnings and Adjusted Core Earnings provide information useful to investors because they are metrics that we use to assess our performance and to evaluate the effective net yield provided by the portfolio. Moreover, one of our objectives is to generate income from the net interest margin on the portfolio, and Core Earnings and Adjusted Core Earnings are used to help measure the extent to which this objective is being achieved. However, because Core Earnings and

Adjusted Core Earnings are incomplete measures of our financial results and differ from net income (loss) computed in accordance with GAAP, they should be considered as supplementary to, and not as substitutes for, net income (loss) computed in accordance with GAAP.

The following table reconciles, for the three month periods ended June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, our Core Earnings and Adjusted Core Earnings on a consolidated basis to the line on our Consolidated Statement of Operations entitled Net Income, which we believe is the most directly comparable GAAP measure on our Consolidated Statement of Operations to Core Earnings:
(In thousands except share amounts)

## Net Income

## Less:

| Net realized gains (losses) on securities | $(359$ | $(2,990$ | $)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Net realized gains (losses) on financial derivatives, excluding periodic payments ${ }^{(1)}$ | $(8,192$ | $)$ | 1,668 |
| Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on securities | 4,136 | $(2,347$ |  |
| Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on financial derivatives, excluding accrued periodic payments ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1,211 | $(1,680$ | $)$ |
| Subtotal | $(3,204$ | $)(5,349$, |  |
| Core Earnings | $\$ 4,807$ | $\$ 7,401$ |  |
| Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment | $(274$ | $)$ | 2,584 |
| Adjusted Core Earnings | $\$ 5,081$ | $\$ 4,817$ |  |
| Weighted Average Shares Outstanding | $10,741,074$ | $9,130,897$ |  |
| Core Earnings Per Share | $\$ 0.45$ | $\$ 0.81$ |  |
| Adjusted Core Earnings Per Share | $\$ 0.47$ | $\$ 0.53$ |  |

Three Month $\quad$ Three Month
Period Ended Period Ended
June 30, 2017 March 31, 2017
\$ 1,603 \$ 2,052
(8,192 ) 1,668

Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on financial derivatives, excluding accrued periodic payments ${ }^{(2)} 1,211$
Subtotal
\$ 4,807 \$ 7,401
Catch-up Premium Amortization Adjustment
Adjusted Core Earnings
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding
Core Earnings Per Share
Adjusted Core Earnings Per Share

For the three month period ended June 30, 2017, represents Net realized gains (losses) on financial derivatives of $\$(9,128)$ less Net realized (1) gains (losses) on periodic settlements of interest rate swaps of $\$(936)$. For the three month period ended March 31, 2017, represents Net realized gains (losses) on financial derivatives of $\$ 1,653$ less Net realized gains (losses) on periodic settlements of interest rate swaps of $\$(15)$. For the three month period ended June 30, 2017, represents Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on financial derivatives of $\$ 1,528$ less Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on accrued periodic settlements of interest rate swaps of $\$ 317$. For the three month period ended March (2) 31,2017 , represents Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on financial derivatives of $\$(2,142)$ less Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on accrued periodic settlements of interest rate swaps of \$(462).

## About Ellington Residential Mortgage REIT

Ellington Residential Mortgage REIT is a mortgage real estate investment trust that specializes in acquiring, investing in and managing residential mortgage- and real estate-related assets, with a primary focus on residential mortgage-backed securities, for which the principal and interest payments are guaranteed by a U.S. government agency or a U.S. government-sponsored enterprise. Ellington Residential Mortgage REIT is externally managed and advised by Ellington Residential Mortgage Management LLC, an affiliate of Ellington Management Group, L.L.C.

## Conference Call

We will host a conference call at 11:00 a.m. Eastern Time on Wednesday, August 2, 2017, to discuss our financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2017. To participate in the event by telephone, please dial (877) 437-3698 at least 10 minutes prior to the start time and reference the conference ID number 51441753. International callers should dial (810) 740-4679 and reference the same conference ID number. The conference call will also be webcast live over the Internet and can be accessed via the "For Our Shareholders" section of our web site at www.earnreit.com. To listen to the live webcast, please visit www.earnreit.com at least 15 minutes prior to the start of the call to register, download, and install necessary audio software. In connection with the release of these financial results, we also posted an investor presentation, that will accompany the conference call, on our website at www.earnreit.com under "For Our Shareholders-Presentations."

A dial-in replay of the conference call will be available on Wednesday, August 2, 2017, at approximately 2:00 p.m. Eastern Time through Wednesday, August 9, 2017 at approximately $11: 59$ p.m. Eastern Time. To access this replay, please dial (800) 585-8367 and enter the conference ID number 51441753. International callers should dial (404) 537-3406 and enter the same conference ID number. A replay of the conference call will also be archived on our web site at www.earnreit.com.

## Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements involve numerous risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ from our beliefs, expectations, estimates, and projections and, consequently, you should not rely on these forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Forward-looking statements are not historical in nature and can be identified by words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," "plan," "continue," "intend," "should," "would," "could," "goal," "objective," "will," "may," "seek," or similar expressions or their negative forms, or by references to strategy, plans, or intentions. Examples of forward-looking statements in this press release include, without limitation, our beliefs regarding the current economic and investment environment, our ability to implement our investment and hedging strategies, our future prospects and the protection of our net interest margin from prepayments, volatility and its impact on us, the performance of our investment and hedging strategies, our exposure to prepayment risk in our Agency portfolio, estimated effects on the fair value of our RMBS and interest rate derivative holdings of a hypothetical change in interest rates, statements regarding our share repurchase program, and statements regarding the drivers of our returns. Our results can fluctuate from month to month and from quarter to quarter depending on a variety of factors, some of which are beyond our control and/or are difficult to predict, including, without limitation, changes in interest rates and the market value of our securities, changes in mortgage default rates and prepayment rates, our ability
to borrow to finance our assets, changes in government regulations affecting our business, our ability to maintain our exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and other changes in market conditions and economic trends. Furthermore, forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, including, among other things, those described in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 filed on March 13, 2017 which can be accessed through the link to our SEC filings under "For Our Shareholders" on our website (www.earnreit.com) or at the SEC's website (www.sec.gov). Other risks, uncertainties, and factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied may be described from time to time in reports we file with the SEC, including reports on Forms 10-Q, 10-K and 8-K. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

ELLINGTON RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE REIT CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

| Three Month | Six Month |
| :--- | :--- |
| Period Ended | Period Ended |

June 30, 2017 March 31, 2017 June 30, 2017
(In thousands except share amounts)
INTEREST INCOME (EXPENSE)

| Interest income | \$ 10,883 | \$ 12,329 |  | \$ 23,211 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest expense | (4,020 | ) $(3,179$ | ) | (7,199 | ) |
| Total net interest income | 6,863 | 9,150 |  | 16,012 |  |
| EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Management fees | 685 | 527 |  | 1,212 |  |
| Professional fees | 178 | 175 |  | 354 |  |
| Compensation expense | 216 | 159 |  | 375 |  |
| Other operating expenses | 358 | 411 |  | 768 |  |
| Total expenses | 1,437 | 1,272 |  | 2,709 |  |
| OTHER INCOME (LOSS) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net realized gains (losses) on securities | (359 | ) $(2,990$ | ) | (3,350 | ) |
| Net realized gains (losses) on financial derivatives | (9,128 | ) 1,653 |  | (7,474 | ) |
| Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on securities | 4,136 | (2,347 | ) | 1,789 |  |
| Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on financial derivatives | 1,528 | (2,142 | ) | (613 | ) |
| Total other income (loss) | (3,823 | ) $(5,826$ | ) | (9,648 | ) |
| NET INCOME | \$ 1,603 | \$ 2,052 |  | \$ 3,655 |  |
| NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic and Diluted | \$ 0.15 | \$ 0.22 |  | \$ 0.37 |  |
| WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING | 10,741,074 | 9,130,897 |  | 9,940,433 |  |
| CASH DIVIDENDS PER SHARE: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends declared | \$ 0.40 | \$ 0.40 |  | \$ 0.80 |  |

ELLINGTON RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE REIT
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
(UNAUDITED)
As of

| June 30, | March 31, | December |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2017 | 2017 | 31, 2016(1) |

(In thousands except share amounts)

## ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents
Mortgage-backed securities, at fair value
Due from brokers
Financial derivatives-assets, at fair value
Reverse repurchase agreements
Receivable for securities sold
Interest receivable
Other assets

## Total Assets

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

| $\$ 41,660$ | $\$ 37,509$ | $\$ 33,504$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1,653,029$ | $1,230,076$ | $1,226,994$ |
| 34,924 | 27,205 | 49,518 |
| 6,106 | 5,464 | 6,008 |
| 73,470 | 80,133 | 75,012 |
| 156,348 | 82,269 | 33,199 |
| 5,966 | 4,966 | 4,633 |
| 687 | 185 | 266 |
| $\$ 1,972,190$ | $\$ 1,467,807$ | $\$ 1,429,134$ |

## LIABILITIES

Repurchase agreements
Payable for securities purchased

| $\$ 1,628,450$ | $\$ 1,178,285$ | $\$ 1,197,973$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 77,054 | 58,620 | 5,516 |
| 318 | 1,031 | 1,055 |
| 2,686 | 3,572 | 1,975 |
| 72,762 | 79,454 | 74,194 |
| 4,947 | 3,652 | 3,652 |
| 1,114 | 708 | 647 |
| 685 | 528 | 533 |
| 2,269 | 1,832 | 1,912 |
| $1,790,285$ | $1,327,682$ | $1,287,457$ |

## SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred shares, par value $\$ 0.01$ per share, 100,000,000 shares authorized;
( 0 shares issued and outstanding, respectively)
Common shares, par value $\$ 0.01$ per share, $500,000,000$ shares authorized;
(12,367,598, 9,130,897, and 9,130,897 shares issued and outstanding, respectively)
Additional paid-in-capital

| 226,136 | 181,044 | 180,996 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(44,355$ | $)$ | $(41,011$ | $)$ |
| 181,905 | 140,125 | 141,677 |  |
| $\$ 1,972,190$ | $\$ 1,467,807$ |  |  |
|  |  | $\$ 1,429,134$ |  |
| $\$ 14.71$ | $\$ 15.35$ | $\$ 15.52$ |  |

(1) Derived from audited financial statements as of December 31, 2016.

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